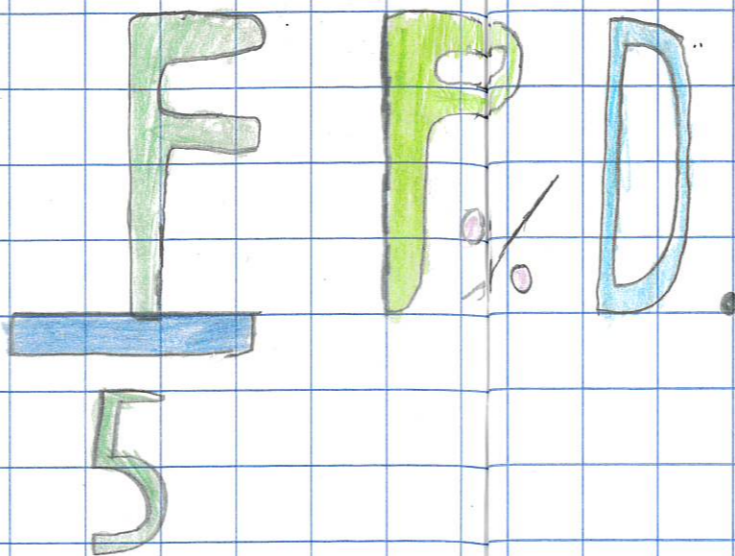
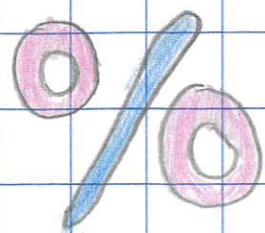
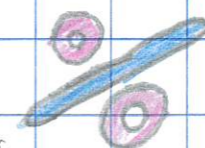


Fractions

- Improper $\frac{3}{2}$
- proper $\frac{1}{2}$
- mixed $1\frac{1}{2}$
- Numerator $\frac{1}{2}$
- Denominator $\frac{1}{2}$



3.4



Fractions = part of a hole
 decimals = part of a hole
 percentages = part of a hole

How to subtract

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 10 \end{array} - \begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 10 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 10 \end{array}$$

How to add fractions

$$\begin{array}{r} 60\% \\ 10 \end{array} + \begin{array}{r} 40\% \\ 20 \end{array}$$

lowest common multiple

$$\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$\frac{8}{20} + \frac{2}{20} = \frac{6}{20}$$

If they have different numerator

$$\frac{3}{7} + \frac{1}{14}$$

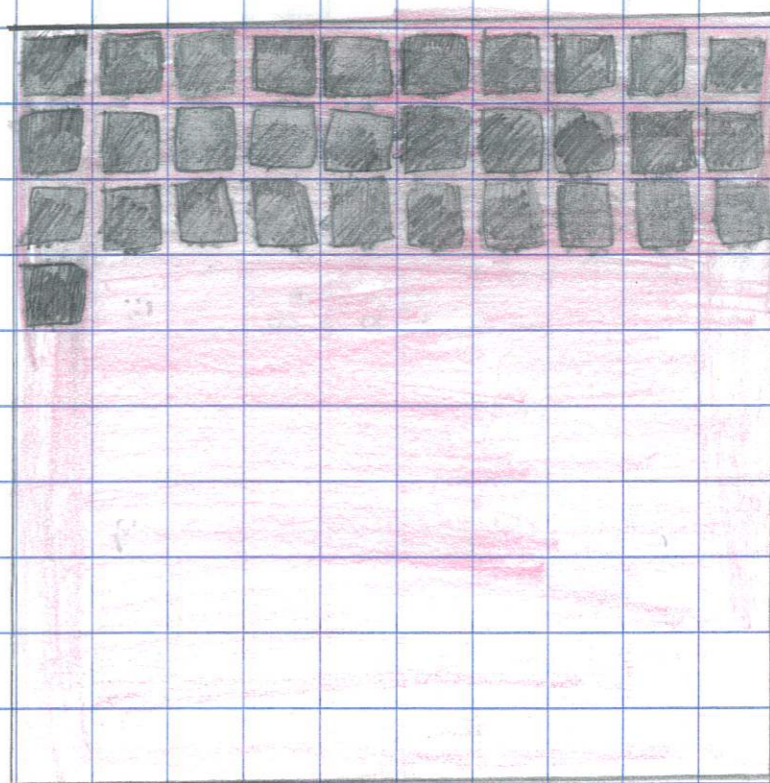
you find lowest common multiple
 $7 \times 2 = 14$

$$\frac{6}{14} + \frac{1}{14} = \frac{7}{14}$$

How you can show decimals

Ones	Tenth	Hundredths	Thousandths
000	0	0000	000000
3	1	4	6

What does it show in



Fractions = $\frac{\quad}{100}$

decimals = .

Percentage = %

out of 100

How to work it out.

you count how many squares are shaded by doing:

and then counting how many full rows go down, how many go across and the extra one or you can't just count how many are shaded.