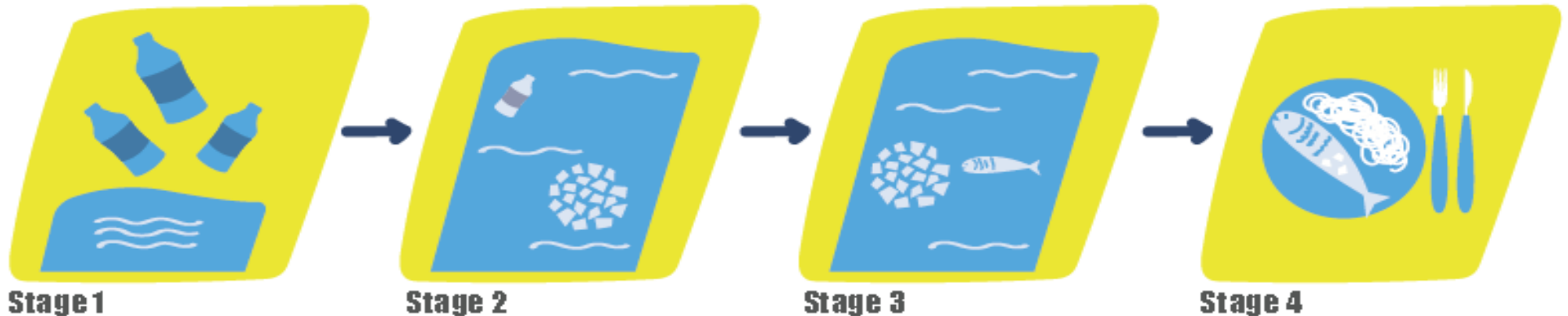


Plastic Dinner

Food webs are very delicately balanced. Extinction, loss of habitat and introducing new species can have serious consequences for a food web. If a predator becomes extinct then its prey can reproduce more. This might mean that their prey is over-hunted. Rabbits are not native to Australia. They were introduced by humans in 1859. Within 50 years they had spread over the whole country and seriously damaged many food webs. They are still a pest.

These aren't the only ways humans impact on food webs. Lots of human activities introduce harmful things into food chains. These all have a serious impact. Perhaps the most concerning of all is plastic. Most plastic ends up in the ocean after it has been thrown away. Unfortunately, this isn't the end of the damage.



<p>Stage 1</p> <p>Plastic is thrown into landfill sites or blows into rivers. Eventually it makes its way to the oceans. Plastic isn't biodegradable. This means that it won't turn back into a natural material.</p>	<p>Stage 2</p> <p>Over time, plastic breaks down. The pieces get smaller as they are broken apart. They eventually become small enough to be called microplastics. These are smaller than 5mm. Microplastics are very good at accumulating pollution. These chemicals stick to the plastics.</p>	<p>Stage 3</p> <p>Microplastics are very damaging. Sea life including fish mistake them for food and eat them. Some microplastics are so small that the fish eat them without even realising. The gills of fish can also be affected by microplastics.</p>	<p>Stage 4</p> <p>Fish are prey food. They are eaten by larger fish, sharks, whales, turtles and sea birds. All of these animals are now consuming the microplastics as well. The fish we eat as humans comes from the sea. Lots of fish we eat today contains micro plastics and the pollution that has stuck to them.</p>
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Now answer the questions about the text that you have just read. Use the words in italics to help you write your answers in sentences. Don't forget your capital letters and full stops!

1. Why are food webs delicately balanced?

Food webs are delicately balanced because...

2. Why might rabbits have damaged food chains?

Rabbits might have...

3. How does the author feel about human impact on food webs? What makes you think this?

The author...

4. How might microplastics affect the gills of fish?

Microplastics...

5. Why are larger predators eating plastic?

Larger predators...

6. When were rabbits introduced into Australia?

Rabbits were...

7. Which word means an effect or result of something?

The word...

8. Summarise (explain) how plastic ends up in our dinner – try to use no more than 30 words.

Plastic...

9. At which stage of the cycle would it be easiest for humans to prevent the damage? Why not later?

Humans...

10. Which part of the word tells you that microplastics are small?

The part of the word meaning 'small' is...

